

## EE 205 Circuit Theory

### Lab 9

#### Steady State Sinusoidal Response (Phasor Analysis)

**Procedure:**

Consider the RC circuit shown in Fig.1 with  $C=1\mu\text{F}$ ,  $R=10$ . Use a cos source signal with 10V peak and 0V offset at 100kHz frequency. We aim to find the steady state  $V_C(t)$ .

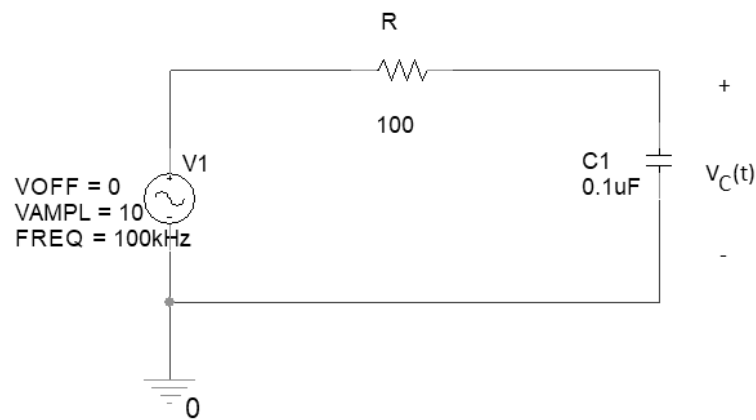


Fig.1. Steady State RC Circuit

The phasor impedance of the capacitor is

$$Z_C = \frac{1}{j\omega C} = \frac{-j}{2\pi(10^5)(10^{-7})} = \frac{-j100}{2\pi} \cong -j16 \Omega$$

Thus, the capacitor voltage phasor is

$$\bar{V}_C = 10 \times \frac{-j16}{100 - j16} \cong 0.25 - 1.6j \cong 1.58 \angle -1.4158 \cong 1.58 \angle -81^\circ$$

The time expression of the capacitor voltage is

$$V_C(t) = \text{Re}\{\bar{V}_C e^{j\omega t}\} = 1.58 \cos(\omega t - 81^\circ)$$

Table 1. Calculated and Measured Values

Calculated Values for $V_C$		Measured Values for $V_C$	
<i>Amplitude</i> (V)	<i>Phase</i> (degrees)	<i>Amplitude</i> (V)	<i>Phase</i> (degrees)